## What is LIFE EGGSHELLENCE? The LIFE EGGSHELLENCE aims to promote circular economy by establishing a process of industrial symbiosis between two very different sectors: the food sector, represented by egg processing companies, and the ceramic sector, represented by spray-dried powder and ceramic tile manufacturers.

**LIFE EGGSHELLENCE** is a European project funded by the European Commission through the LIFE program.

### Who is who in LIFE EGGSHELLENCE?

COORDINATING ENTITY

ITC-AICE, Institute of Ceramic Technology www.itc.uji.es

#### PARTNERS



AGOTZAINA, S.L.

EKOETXE

universidade

de aveiro

AGOTZAINA, S.L. www.bekoetxe.com

www.maincer.es

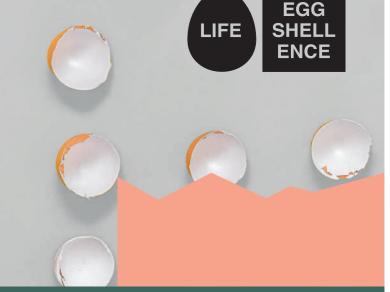
MAINCER, S.L.



EUROATOMIZADO, S.A. grupoeuroatomizado.com

ADELINO DUARTE DA MOTA S.A. (ADM) mota-sc.com

mota-sc.com



LIFE EGGSHELLENCE: Industrial symbiosis between egg processing companies and ceramic companies



Universidad de Aveiro (UA) www.ua.pt



This project is funded by the European Union's LIFE 2014-2020 Environment and Climate Action Program with reference LIFE19 ENV/ES/ 000121



www.lifeeggshellence.eu

Twitter **@LEggshellence** LinkedIn Life Eggshellence How do we achieve industrial symbiosis between egg processing companies and ceramic companies?

We do so by valorizing a waste from egg processing companies, the eggshell. This waste will be processed into a secondary raw material (bio-CaCO<sub>3</sub>), which will be used in the manufacturing of ceramic tiles. This is one more step towards the change to a circular economy.





# Who benefits from LIFE EGGSHELLENCE and why?

LIFE EGGSHELLENCE firstly benefits egg-processing companies, since they are currently generating large quantities of eggshells (up to 150,000 tons per year in Europe), most of which are destined for landfills.



We expect to be able to **reduce** up to **90%** of the eggshells deposited in landfills.

This will substantially reduce environmental impact and bring economic benefits by reducing the cost of landfilling. LIFE EGGSHELLENCE also benefits the Spanish and Portuguese ceramic industry and, in the future, the European ceramic industry.

The ceramic sector consumes 300,000 tons of  $CaCO_3$  annually.

The **ceramic industry** could **absorb** in both countries -and at the European level- the **totality** of **eggshells** produced by egg processing companies.

Cc im bio

Companies will reduce **environmental impact** by replacing mineral CaCO<sub>3</sub> with bio-CaCO<sub>3</sub>.

## And it also benefits society and the environment.



It will reduce the volume of eggshell landfilling, which sometimes generates unwanted odors as well as germs and bacteria proliferation.

It will considerably reduce the extraction of natural raw materials.

